

## IKK gamma Recombinant Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody Product Datasheet

Catalog# BX00070

Clone# RR674

**Predicted Molecular Wt:** 48kDa

**Purity:** ProA affinity purified IgG

**Species Cross-reactivity:** Human Mouse Rat

**Form:** Liquid

*Species cross-reactivity determined by WB*

**Swissprot ID:** Q9Y6K9

**Applications:** WB IHC-P IF/ICC FC IP

### Background:

Regulatory subunit of the IKK core complex which phosphorylates inhibitors of NF-kappa-B thus leading to the dissociation of the inhibitor/NF-kappa-B complex and ultimately the degradation of the inhibitor. Its binding to scaffolding polyubiquitin seems to play a role in IKK activation by multiple signaling receptor pathways. However, the specific type of polyubiquitin recognized upon cell stimulation (either 'Lys-63'-linked or linear polyubiquitin) and its functional importance is reported conflictingly.

### Immunogen:

A synthetic peptide corresponding to the N-term of IKK gamma was used as an immunogen.

### Storage Buffer:

PBS 59%, Sodium azide 0.01%, Glycerol 40%, BSA 0.05%.

### Storage conditions:

-20°C

### Storage instructions:

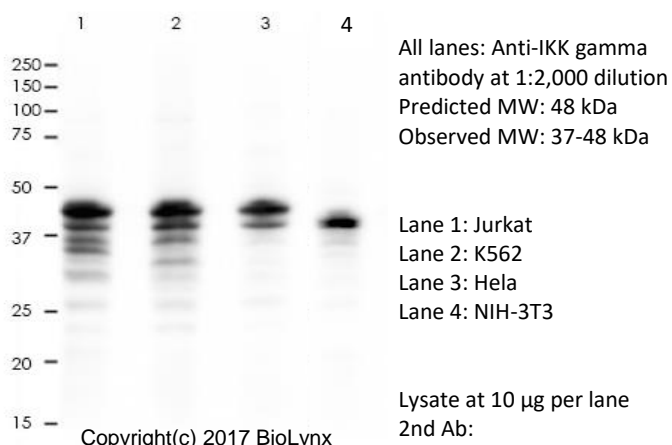
Shipped on blue ice. Upon delivery, aliquot, and store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

### Recommended Dilutions:

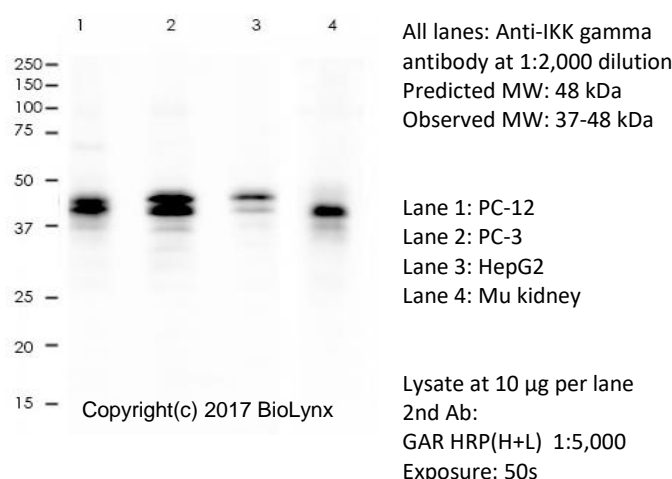
WB: 1:2,000 - 1:5,000  
IHC-P: 1:100 - 1:200  
IF/ICC: 1:50 - 1:200  
FC: 1:200 - 1:1,000  
IP: 1:50

### Background References:

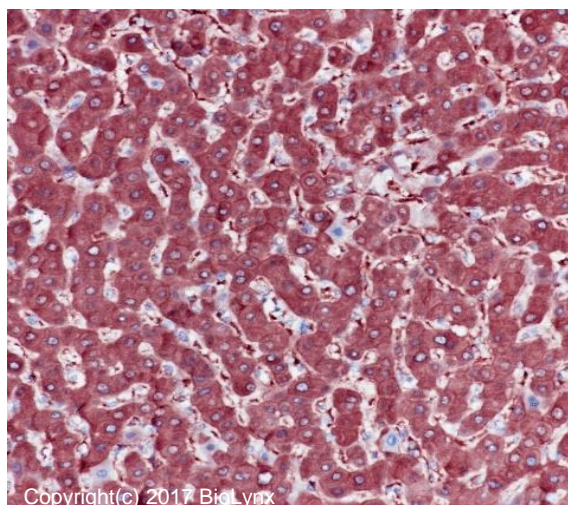
- Spencer NY et al. Anal Biochem 494:55-67 (2016).
- Kuo HP et al. Cancer Cell 24:423-37 (2013).



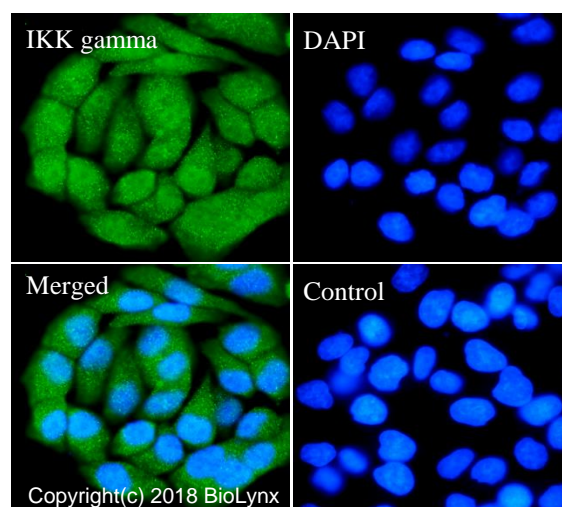
*This antibody is predicted to recognize 3 isoforms of IKK gamma at 37KDa, 56KDa and 48KDa, respectively.*



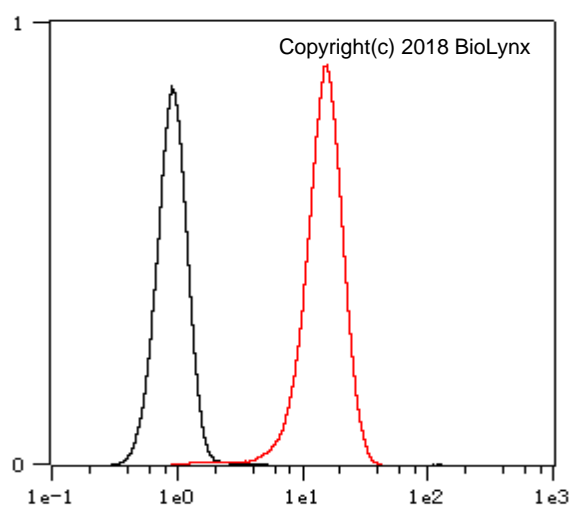
*This antibody is predicted to recognize 3 isoforms of IKK gamma at 37KDa, 56KDa and 48KDa, respectively.*



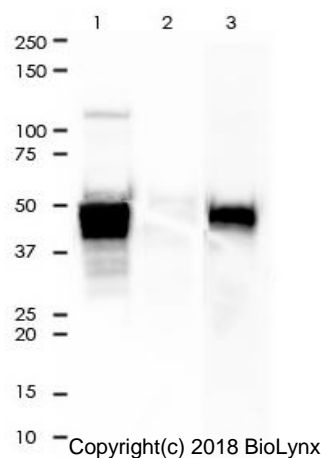
Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) analysis of liver tissue labelling IKK gamma with RR674 at 1:200. Heat mediated antigen retrieval was performed using Tris/EDTA buffer pH 9.0.



RR674 staining IKK gamma in HeLa cells by IF/ICC (immunofluorescence/immunocytochemistry). Cells were fixed with paraformaldehyde, permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100 and blocked with 10% goat serum for half an hour at room temperature. Samples were incubated with primary antibody (1:50) at 4°C. An Alexa Fluor® 488-conjugated Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG polyclonal was used as the secondary antibody (1:500). DAPI (blue) was used as the nuclear counter stain. Control: PBS and secondary antibody, An Alexa Fluor® 488-conjugated Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (1:500).



Overlay histogram showing HeLa cells stained with RR674 (Red). The cells were fixed with 4% paraformaldehyde (10 min) and then permeabilized with 0.1% TritonX-100 for 15 min. The cells were then incubated in the antibody (RR674, 1:1,000 dilution) in 1x PBS/1% BSA for 30 min at room temperature. The secondary antibody used was a Goat Anti-Rabbit Alexa Fluor® 488 (IgG H+L) at 1:2,000 dilution for 20 min at room temperature. Unlabelled sample (Black) was used as a control.



IKK gamma was immunoprecipitated from 0.4mg of HeLa whole cell lysate with RR674 at 1:50 dilution.

2nd Ab:

GAR HRP for IP 1:500

Lane 1: RR674 IP in HeLa whole cell lysate

Lane 2: Rabbit IgG instead of RR674 in HeLa whole cell lysate

Lane 3: HeLa whole cell lysate, 10 µg (input)

Exposure: 40s

Product QC'd by:



For research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic applications.